### **SQ** Series

OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE

### MANUAL

SQ Series Uni-Swivel Square Drive Hydraulic Torque Wrenches MODELS SQ-1, SQ-3, SQ-5 & SQ-10





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Operational and Maintenance Manual for TorcUP SQ-1, SQ-3, SQ-5 & SQ-10 Single Swivel Square Drive Hydraulic Torque Wrenches Version 4: 2022 September

### NOTICE

Series SQ-1, SQ-3, SQ-5 & SQ-10 SQ Series Uni-Swivel Square Drive Hydraulic Torque Wrenches are designed for installing and removing threaded fasteners requiring precise high torque during bolt makeup and maximum torque during bolt breakout.

TorcUP Inc. is not responsible for customer modification of tools for applications on which TorcUP Inc. was not consulted.

### WARNING

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION ENCLOSED.
READ THIS MANUAL BEFORE OPERATING TOOL.
IT IS THE RESPONSIBILITY OF THE EMPLOYER TO PLACE THE INFORMATION IN THIS
MANUAL INTO THE HANDS OF THE OPERATOR.
FAILURE TO OBSERVE THE FOLLOWING WARNINGS COULD RESULT IN INJURY.

### USING THE TOOL

- Always operate, inspect and maintain this tool in accordance with American National Standards Safety Code for Hydraulic Rams and Jacks (ANSI B30.1).
- This tool will function using an air or electric powered hydraulic pump. Adhere to the pump safety requirements and follow instructions when connecting the pump to the tool.
- Use only equipment rated for the same pressure and torque.
- Use only a hydraulic pump capable of generating 10,000 psi (690 bar) maximum pressure with this tool.
- Use only twin line hydraulic hose rated for 10,000 psi (690 bar) pressure with this tool.
- Do not interchange the male and female swivel inlets on the tool or the connections on one end of the hose. Reversing the inlets will reverse the power stroke cycle and may damage the tool.
- Do not use damaged, frayed or deteriorated hoses and fittings. Make certain there are no cracks, splits or leaks in the hoses.
- Use the quick connect system to attach the hoses to the tool and pump.
- When connecting hoses that have not been preloaded with hydraulic oil, make certain the pump reservoir is not drained of oil during start-up.
- Do not remove any labels. Replace any damaged label.
- Do not handle pressurized hoses. Escaping oil under pressure can penetrate the skin, causing serious injury. If oil is injected under the skin, see a doctor immediately.
- Never pressurize uncoupled couplers. Only use hydraulic equipment in a coupled system.
- Always wear eye protection when operating or performing maintenance on this tool.
- Always wear head and hand protection and protective clothing when operating this tool.

The use of other than genuine TorcUP replacement parts may result in safety hazards, decreased tool performance, increased maintenance, and may invalidate all warranties. Repairs should be made only by authorized personnel. Consult your nearest TorcUP Authorized Service Center.

Refer All Communications to the Nearest TorcUP Office or Distributor.

For Technical Support & Information Contact: **TorcUP Inc.** 

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### WARNING

### FAILURE TO OBSERVE THE FOLLOWING WARNINGS COULD RESULT IN INJURY

Do NOT Exceed Maximum Pressure. See Torque Chart with Tool. Damage May Occur.

Do not use damaged, frayed or deteriorated hydraulic hoses and fittings.

Always wear eye protection when operating or performing maintenance on this tool.



Always wear ear protection when operating this tool.



Do not carry the tool by the hose.



Keep body stance balanced and firm. Do not overreach when operating this tool.



The Torque Reaction Arm must be positioned against a positive stop. Do not use the arm as a dead handle. Take all precautions to make certain the operator's hand cannot be pinched between the arm and a solid object.



### **USING THE TOOL**

- Keep hands, loose clothing and long hair away from the reaction arm and working area during operation.
- This tool will exert a strong reaction force. Use proper mechanical support and correct reaction arm positioning to control these forces. Do not position the reaction arm so that it tilts the tool off the axis of the bolt and never use the swivel inlets as a reaction stop.
- Avoid sharp bends and kinks that will cause severe back-up pressure in hoses and lead to premature hose failure.
- Use accessories recommended by TorcUP.
- Use only impact sockets and accessories. Do not use hand (chrome) sockets or accessories.
- Use only sockets and accessories that correctly fit the bolt or nut and function without tilting the tool off the
  axis of the bolt.
- This tool is not insulated against electric shock.
- This equipment must not be operated or serviced unless the operator read the operating instructions and fully understands the purpose, consequences and procedure of each step.
- When operating a larger tool above waist height, employ a secondary means of support for safety purposes. A tool sling or chains may be used. Consult your safety department for further suggestions.

Depending on the working environment your local health and safety regulations may require you wear protective gear (i.e. safety shoes, hard hat, gloves, coveralls, etc.). In case external forces are exerted on the equipment, non-compliance with these regulations may result in injury. EAR PROTECTION MUST BE WORN WHEN OPERATING THIS TOOL.

### PLACING THE TOOL IN SERVICE

### CONNECTING THE TOOL

- 1. Attach the twin line hose to the swivel inlets of the square drive torque wrench using the spring–loaded guick connect ends.
- 2. Connect the opposite ends of the hose to the pump in the same manner.

### **ADJUSTMENTS**

### SETTING THE SQUARE DRIVE FOR ROTATION

The position of the square drive when looking toward the shroud will determine if the tool is set to tighten or loosen the nut. When the square drive extends to the left when looking at the shroud with the swivels away from you, the tool is set to loosen the nut. When the square drive extends to the right, the tool is set to tighten the nut. To change the direction of rotation for models SQ-1 SQ-3, and SQ-10 simply push the square drive into the housing until the drive projects out the opposite side of the tool. For the model SQ-5, loosen and remove the square drive retaining knob, and pull the square drive out of the housing. Insert the square drive into the opposite side of the housing, and secure it by installing the knob in the splined end of the drive.

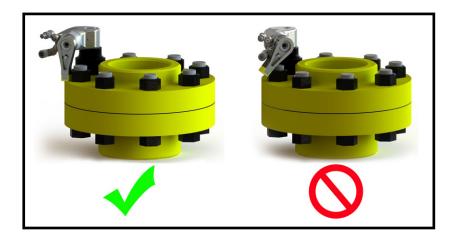
### SETTING THE TORQUE

After determining the desired torque, use the calibration certificate provided with the tool to determine the pressure necessary to achieve that torque. You may also refer to the chart engraved on the shroud of the tool or the chart provided on pages 8-11 of this manual.

- 1. Connect the tool to the power supply and turn the pump on.
- 2. Depress the remote control button causing the pressure to be shown on the gauge.
- 3. Adjust the pressure by loosening the wing nut that locks the pressure adjustment thumb screw. Rotate the thumbscrew clockwise to increase the pressure and counterclockwise to decrease the pressure. When decreasing pressure, always lower the pressure below the desired point and then bring the gauge back up to the desired pressure.
- 4. When the desired pressure is reached, retighten the wing nut and cycle the tool again to confirm that the desired pressure setting has been obtained.

### **SETTING THE REACTION ARM**

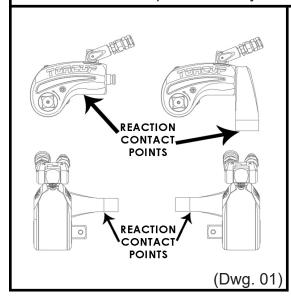
The function of a reaction device is to hold the tool in position against the forces generated to tighten or loosen bolts or nuts. Hydraulic wrenches generate tremendous force.



### **WARNING**

An improperly positioned reaction arm may result in operator injury or damage to tooling.

### Square Drive Hydraulic Wrench Reaction Points (Dwg.01)



Make sure the reaction arm is positioned correctly. (Refer to Dwg. 01).

The reaction arm can be positioned numerous places within a 360° circle. However, for the arm to be correctly positioned, it must be set within a 90° quadrant of that circle. That quadrant is the area located between the protruding square drive and the bottom of the housing away from the swivel inlets. It will always be toward the lower half of the housing and on one side of the housing when tightening and on the other side when loosening.

### **OPERATING THE WRENCH**

### Square Drive Position for Loosening and Tightening(Dwg.02)

The position of the square drive relative to the shroud determines whether the action will tighten or loosen the nut. (Refer to Dwg. 02 for application examples). The power stroke of the piston assembly will always turn the square drive toward the shroud.

- Insert the square drive into the mating socket. Then, insert the safety pin through the socket, and seat the included O-ring into the groove to capture the pin. Place the socket onto the nut making sure the socket is the proper size and that all mating parts are fully seated.
- Position the reaction arm or surface against an adjacent nut, flange or solid system component. Make certain that there is clearance for the hoses, swivels, inlets and end plug. DO NOT allow the tool to react against the hoses, swivels, inlets or end plug.
- FOR LOOSENING
  SHROUD
  FOR TIGHTENING
  SHROUD
  (Dwg. 02)
- 3. After turning the pump on and presetting the pressure for the correct torque, depress the remote control button to advance the piston assembly.
- 4. When the wrench is started, the reaction surface of the wrench or reaction arm will move against the contact point, and the nut will begin to turn.
- 5. When the nut is no longer turning and the pump gauge reaches the preset pressure, release the remote control button. The piston rod will retract when the button is released, and under normal conditions, an audible "click" will be heard as the tool resets itself.
- 6. Continue to cycle the tool until it "stalls" and the preset psi/torque has been attained.
- 7. Cycle the tool one additional time to ensure full torque.

### LUBRICATION

### MARINE MOLY GREASE

Lubrication frequency is dependent on factors known only to the user. The amount of contaminants in the work area is one factor. Tools used in a clean room environment will obviously require less service than a tool used outdoors and dropped in loose dirt or sand. Marine Moly Grease is formulated not to wash out of the tool in areas where lubrication is critical.

Whenever lubrication is required, lubricate as follows:

- 1. Remove the drive plate, ratchet, drive segment and sleeves as instructed in the maintenance section, and wash the components in a suitable cleaning solution in a well ventilated area.
- 2. After drying the components, wipe a film of Marine Moly Grease onto the wear surface of both sleeves and the ends of the ratchet.
- 3. Spread a light film of Marine Moly Grease onto the inner face and both sides of the drive plate. **Do not pack** the teeth of the drive segment or ratchet with lubricant. It can prevent the teeth from engaging properly.
- 4. Place a daub of Marine Moly Grease in the piston rod recess of the drive plate before linking the piston rod to the drive plate at assembly.

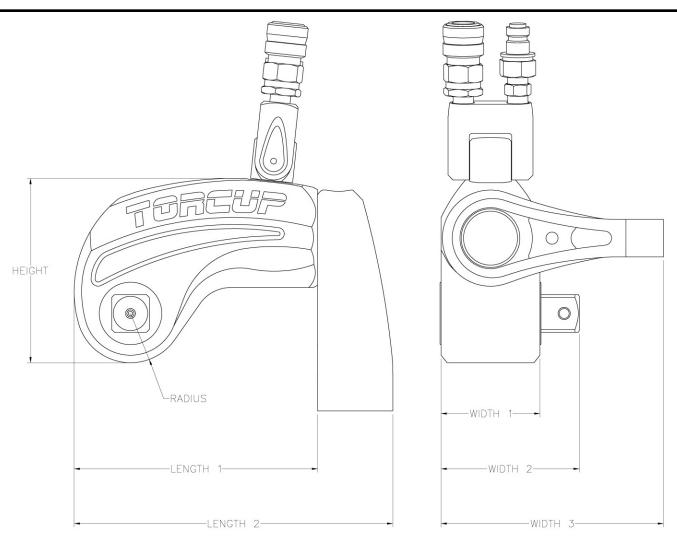
### CRITICAL LUBRICATION

It is imperative to lubricate the piston rod recess of the drive plate to piston rod contact area every 80 hours of continuous duty cycling.

### Lubricate as follows:

- 1. Remove shroud screws, shroud, and roll pin.
- 2. Pry the drive plate assembly forward from the piston rod to expose the recessed contact area in the drive plate.
- 3. With a rag, wipe clean the area, and apply a sizeable amount of Marine Moly Grease.
- 4. Reassemble as instructed in the maintenance section.

### SQ Series Uni-Swivel Wrench Technical & Dimensional Data



Model Number	SQ-1	SQ-3	SQ-5	SQ-10
Square drive	3/4"	1"	1 1/2"	1 1/2"
Min. Torque (lbf-ft)	156	379	507	956
Max. Torque (lbf-ft)	1414	3515	5523	10619
Min. Torque (nm)	212	515	690	1300
Max. Torque (nm)	1923	4780	7511	14443
Output Accuracy	+/-3%	+/-3%	+/-3%	+/-3%
Repeatability	100%	100%	100%	100%
Duty Cycle	100%	100%	100%	100%
Tool Weight (lbs/kg)	5.5/2.5	11.0/5.0	18.5/8.4	32.0/14.5
Height (in/mm)	3.76/95.5	4.91/124.7	6.05/153.6	7.34/186.4
Length 1 (in/mm)	4.91/124.7	6.48/164.5	7.95/201.9	9.85/250.1
Length 2 (in/mm)	6.47/164.3	8.48/215.3	10.70/271.7	2.85/326.3
Radius (in/mm)	0.99/25.1	1.31/33.2	1.57/39.8	2.13/54.1
Width 1 (in/mm)	2.00/50.8	2.63/66.8	3.13/79.5	3.95/100.3
Width 2 (in/mm)	2.75/69.8	3.68/93.5	4.64/117.8	5.47/138.9
Width 3 (in/mm)	4.61/117.0	5.92/150.3	7.00/117.8	8.74/222.0





### SQ-1 Torque Conversion Chart

Imperial (	Conversion
PSI	lbf-ft
1,000	132
1,200	159
1,400	185
1,600	212
1,800	238
2,000	265
2,200	292
2,400	319
2,600	346
2,800	373
3,000	400
3,200	427
3,400	454
3,600	481
3,800	508
4,000	535
4,200	561
4,400	588
4,600	614
4,800	641
5,000	667
5,200	694
5,400	721
5,600	741
5,800	774
6,000	801
6,200	828
6,400	855
6,600	883
6,800	910
7,000	937
7,200	964
7,400	990
7,600	1017
7,800	1043
8,000	1070
8,200	1098
8,400	1126
8,600	1153
8,800	1181
9,000	1209
9,200	1236
9,400	1263
9,600	1291
9,800	1318
10,000	1345
10,000	1545

Metric Co	onversion
Bar	Nm
69	179
83	216
97	251
110	287
124	323
138	359
152	396
165	433
179	469
193	506
207	
_	542
221	579
234	616
248	652
262	689
276	725
290	761
303	797
317	832
331	869
345	904
359	941
372	978
386	1013
400	1049
414	1086
427	1123
441	1159
455	1197
469	1234
483	1270
496	1307
510	1342
524	1379
538	1414
552	1451
565	1489
579	1527
593	1563
607	1601
621	1639
634	1676
648	1712
662	1750
676	1787
689	1787 1824
009	1024





### **SQ-3 Torque Conversion Chart**

Imperial (	Conversion
PSI	lbf-ft
1,000	292
1,200	359
1,400	425
1,600	492
1,800	558
2,000	625
2,200	693
2,400	761
2,600	830
2,800	898
3,000	966
3,200	1036
3,400	1105
3,600	1175
3,800	1244
4,000	1314
4,200	1384
4,400	1453
4,600	1523
4,800	1592
5,000	1662
5,200	1734
5,400	1807
5,600	1879
5,800	1952
6,000	2024
6,200	2096
6,400	2169
6,600	2241
6,800	2314
7,000	2386
7,200	2457
7,400	2527
· ·	2598
7,600 7,800	2598
8,000	2739
8,200	2809
8,400	2878
8,600	2948
8,800	3017
9,000	
· ·	3087
9,200	3155
9,400	3222
9,600	3290
9,800	3357
10,000	3425

Metric Conversion	
Bar	Nm
69	396
83	487
97	576
110	667
124	757
138	847
152	940
165	1032
179	1125
193	1218
207	1310
221	1405
234	1498
248	1593
262	1687
276	1782
290	1876
303	1970
317	2065
331	2158
345	2253
359	2351
372	2450
386	2548
400	2647
414	2744
427	2842
441	2941
455	3038
469	3137
483	3235
496	3331
510	3426
524	3522
538	3617
552	3714
565	3808
579	3902
593	3997
607	4091
621	4185
634	4278
648	4368
662	4461
676	4551
689	4644
009	4044





### **SQ-5 Torque Conversion Chart**

Imperial (	Conversion
PSI	lbf-ft
1,000	587
1,200	705
1,400	823
1,600	940
1,800	1058
2,000	1176
2,200	1294
2,400	1413
2,600	1531
2,800	1650
3,000	1768
3,200	1885
3,400	2002
3,600	2120
3,800	2237
4,000	2354
4,200	2474
4,400	2595
4,600	2715
4,800	2836
5,000	2956
5,200	3076
5,400	3196
5,600	3315
5,800	3435
6,000	3555
6,200	3673
6,400	3791
6,600	3909
6,800	4027
7,000	4145
7,200	4265
7,400	4386
7,600	4506
7,800	4627
8,000	4747
8,200	4864
8,400	4982
8,600	5099
8,800	5217
9,000	5334
9,200	5452
9,400	5569
9,600	5687
9,800	5804
10,000	5922

Metric Conversion	
Bar	Nm
69	796
83	956
97	1116
110	1274
124	1434
138	1594
152	1754
165	1916
179	2076
193	2237
207	2397
221	2556
234	2714
248	2874
262	3033
276	3192
290	3354
303	3518
317	3681
331	3845
345	4008
359	4170
372	4333
386	4495
400	4657
414	4820
427	4980
441	5140
455	5300
469	5460
483	5620
496	5783
510	5947
524	6109
538	6273
552	6436
565	6595
579	6755
593	6913
607	7073
621	7232
634	7392
648	7551
662	7711
676	7869
689	8029



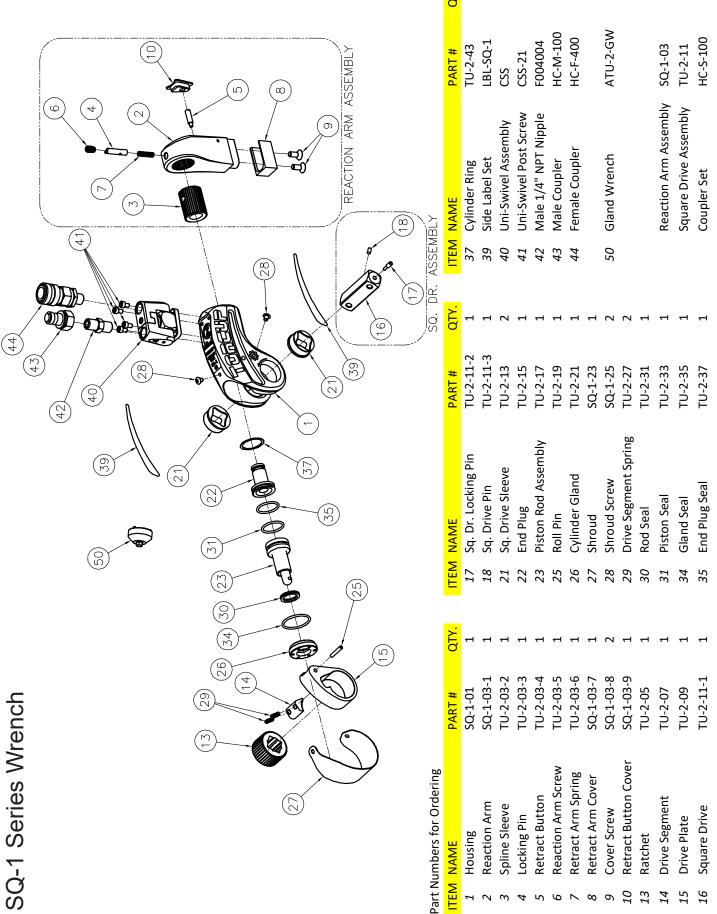


### SQ-10 Torque Conversion Chart

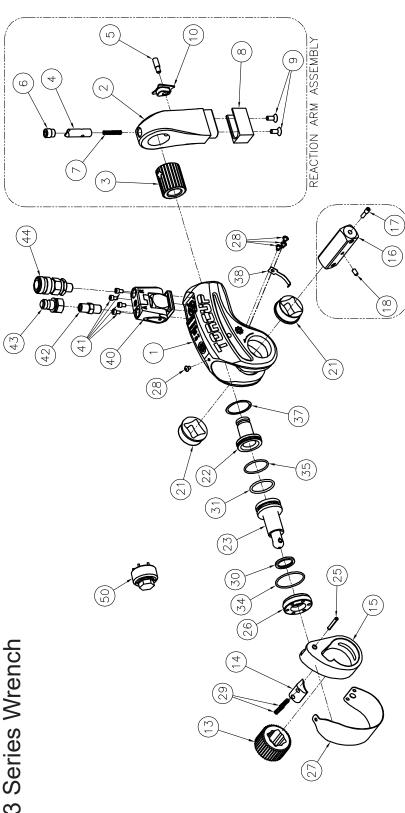
Imperial (	Conversion
PSI	lbf-ft
1,000	945
1,200	1150
1,400	1354
1,600	1559
1,800	1763
2,000	1968
2,200	2179
2,400	2389
2,600	2600
2,800	2810
3,000	3021
3,200	3234
3,400	3446
3,600	3659
3,800	3871
4,000	4084
4,200	4300
4,400	4517
4,600	4733
4,800	4950
5,000	5166
5,200	5382
5,400	5599
5,600	5815
5,800	6032
6,000	6248
6,200	6466
6,400	6684
6,600	6901
6,800	7119
7,000	7337
7,200	7560
7,400	7783
7,600	8006
7,800	8229
8,000	8452
8,200	8673
8,400	8894
8,600	9114
8,800	9335
9,000	9556
9,200	9775
9,400	9994
9,600	10212
9,800	10431
10,000	10650

Metric Co	onversion
Bar	Nm
69	1281
83	1559
97	1836
110	2114
124	2390
138	2668
152	2954
165	3239
179	3525
193	3810
207	4096
221	4385
234	4672
248	4961
262	5248
276	5537
290	5830
303	6124
317	6417
331	6711
345	7004
359	7297
372	7591
386	7884
400	8178
414	8471
427	8767
441	9062
455	9356
469	9652
483	9948
496	10250
510	10552
524	10855
538	11157
552	11459
565	11759
579	12059
593	12357
607	12657
621	12956
634	13253
648	13550
662	13846
676	14143
689	14439

## SQ-1 Series Wrench



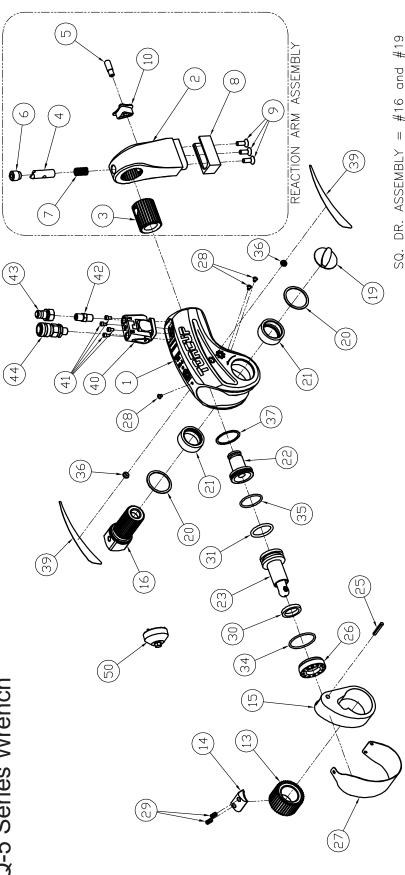
### SQ-3 Series Wrench



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Part	Part Numbers for Ordering										
ITEN	ITEM NAME	PART#	QTY.	ITEM	NAME	PART#	QTY.	ITEM	ITEM NAME	PART #	QTY.
1	Housing	SQ-3-01	1	17	Sq. Dr. Locking Pin	TU-3-11-2	П	37	Cylinder Ring	TU-3-43	П
7	Reaction Arm	SQ-3-03-1	1	18	Sq. Drive Pin	TU-3-11-3	П	38	Ratchet Spring	TU-3-53	П
$\mathcal{C}$	Spline Sleeve	TU-3-03-2	1	21	Sq. Drive Sleeve	TU-3-13-U	2	39	Side Lable Set	LBL-SQ-3	П
4	Locking Pin	TU-3-03-3	1	22	End Plug	TU-3-15	_	40	Uni-Swivel Assembly	CSL-SQ3	П
5	Retract Button	TU-3-03-4	1	23	Piston Rod Assembly	TU-3-17-U	П	41	Uni-Swivel Post Screw	CSL-23-SQ3	4
9	Reaction Arm Screw	TU-3-03-5	1	25	Roll Pin	TU-3-19	_	42	Male 1/4" NPT Nipple	F004004	П
_	Retract Arm Spring	TU-3-03-6	1	76	Cylinder Gland	TU-3-21	_	43	Male Coupler	HC-M-100	1
80	Retract Arm Cover	SQ-3-03-7	1	27	Shroud	SQ-3-23	Т	44	Female Coupler	HC-F-400	
6	Cover Screw	TU-3-03-8	2	28	Shroud Screw	TU-3-25	4				
10	Retract Button Cover	SQ-3-03-9	1	29	<b>Drive Segment Spring</b>	TU-3-27	2	20	Gland Wrench	ATU-3-GW	
13	Ratchet	TU-3-05	1	30	Rod Seal	TU-3-31	1				
14	Drive Segment	TU-3-07	1	31	Piston Seal	TU-3-33	1		Reaction Arm Assembly	SQ-3-03	
15	Drive Plate	TU-3-09-U	1	34	Gland Seal	TU-3-35	1		Square Drive Assembly	TU-3-11	
16	16 Square Drive	TU-3-11-1	1	35	End Plug Seal	TU-3-37	1		Coupler Set	HC-S-100	

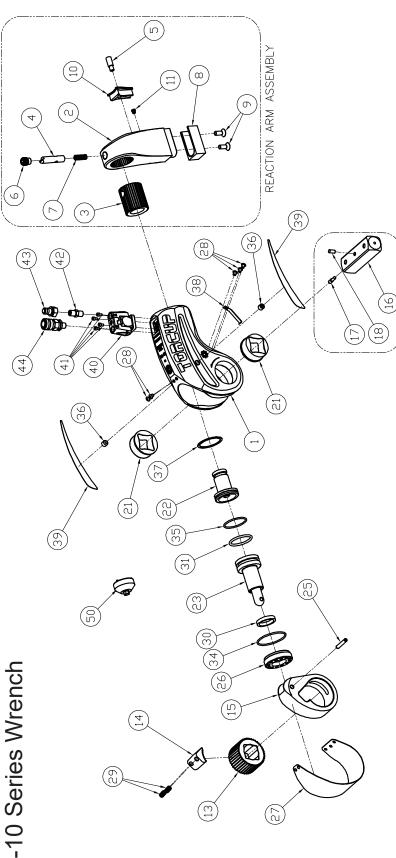
# SQ-5 Series Wrench



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Part	Part Numbers for Ordering										
ITE	ITEM NAME	PART #	QTY.	ITEM	NAME	PART#	QTY.	ITEM	ITEM NAME	PART #	QTY.
1	Housing	SQ-5-01	П	19	Sq. Dr. Retaining Knob	TU-5-11-6	П	36	Housing Side Plug	TU-5-39	2
2	Reaction Arm	SQ-5-03-1	1	20	Sleeve Retaining Ring	TU-5-12	2	37	Cylinder Ring	TU-5-43	1
33	Spline Sleeve	TU-5-03-2	1	21	Sq. Drive Sleeve	TU-5-13	2	39	Side Label Set	LBL-SQ-5	1
4	Locking Pin	TU-5-03-3	1	22	End Plug	TU-5-15	П	40	Uni-Swivel Assembly	CSL-SQ5/10	1
5	Retract Button	TU-5-03-4	1	23	Piston Rod Assembly	TU-5-17	1	41	Uni-Swivel Post Screw	CSL-23-SQ5/10	4
9	Reaction Arm Screw	TU-5-03-5	П	25	Roll Pin	TU-5-19	П	42	Male 1/4" NPT Nipple	F004004	1
7	Retract Arm Spring	TU-5-03-6	П	<i>56</i>	Cylinder Gland	TU-5-21	₽	43	Male Coupler	HC-M-100	1
∞	Retract Arm Cover	SQ-5-03-7	П	27	Shroud	SQ-5-23	П	44	Female Coupler	HC-F-400	1
6	Cover Screw	TU-5-03-8	3	28	Shroud Screw	TU-5-25	3				
16	Retract Button Cover	SQ-5-03-9	1	29	<b>Drive Segment Spring</b>	TU-5-27	2	20	Gland Wrench	ATU-5-GW	
13	Ratchet	TU-5-05	П	30	Rod Seal	TU-5-31	П				
14	Drive Segment	TU-5-07	1	31	Piston Seal	TU-5-33	Т		Reaction Arm Assembly	SQ-5-03	
15	Drive Plate	TU-5-09	1	34	Gland Seal	TU-5-35	Т		Square Drive Assembly	TU-5-11	
16	Square Drive	TU-5-11-1	Т	35	End Plug Seal	TU-5-37	П		Coupler Set	HC-S-100	
1											

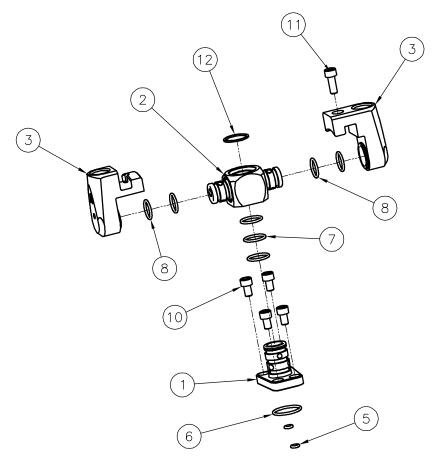
## SQ-10 Series Wrench



Part	Part Numbers for Ordering					)	JA. PIN. ASSEMBLE	_ _ _			
ITEN	ITEM NAME	PART #	QTY.	ITEM	ITEM NAME	PART #	QTY.	ITEM	ITEM NAME	PART # (	O
1	Housing	SQ-10-01	1	17	Sq. Dr. Locking Pin	TU-11-11-2	1	37	Cylinder Ring	SQ-10-43	
2	Reaction Arm	SQ-10-03-1	_	18	Sq. Drive Pin	TU-11-11-3	1	38	Ratchet Spring	SQ-10-53	
3	Spline Sleeve	TU-11-03-2	_	21	Sq. Drive Sleeve	TU-11-13	2	39	Side Label Set	LBL-SQ-10	
4	Locking Pin	TU-11-03-3	_	22	End Plug	SQ-10-15	1	40	Uni-Swivel Assembly	CSL-SQ5/10	
5	Retract Button	TU-11-03-4	_	23	Piston Rod Assembly	SQ-10-17	1	41	Uni-Swivel Post Screw	CSL-23-SQ5/10	
9	Reaction Arm Screw	TU-11-03-5	1	25	Roll Pin	TU-11-19	1	42	Male 1/4" NPT Nipple	F004004	
7	Retract Arm Spring	TU-11-03-6	_	76	Cylinder Gland	TU-11-21	1	43	Male Coupler	HC-M-100	
8	Retract Arm Cover	TU-11-03-7	_	27	Shroud	SQ-10-23	1	44	Female Coupler	HC-F-400	
6	Cover Screw	TU-11-03-8	2	28	Shroud Screw	TU-11-25	4				
10	Retract Button Cover	SQ-10-03-9	_	29	<b>Drive Segment Spring</b>	TU-11-27	2	20	Gland Wrench	ATU-11-GW	
11	Ret. Button Guide Screw	SQ-10-03-10	1	30	Rod Seal	TU-11-31	1				
13	Ratchet	TU-11-05	1	31	Piston Seal	SQ-10-33	1				
14	Drive Segment	TU-11-07	1	34	Gland Seal	TU-11-35	1		Reaction Arm Assembly	SQ-10-03	
15	Drive Plate	SQ-10-09	1	35	End Plug Seal	SQ-10-37	П		Square Drive Assembly	TU-11-11	
16	Square Drive	TU-11-11-1	1	36	Side Housing Plugs	TU-11-39	2		Coupler Set	HC-S-100	

SQ. DR. ASSEMBLY

### SQ Series CSS Uni-Swivel



### CSS Uni-Swivel Parts List

5 5 a a	
NAME	PART#
Post	CSS-01
Joint	CSS-03
Swivel Arm Set	CSS-05
Swivel O-ring (Small)	CSS-09
Swivel O-ring (Large)	CSS-11
Post O-ring	CSS-13
Joint O-ring	CSS-15
Swivel Screw	CSS-17
Swivel Post Screw	CSS-21
Retaining Ring	CSS-19
	Post Joint Swivel Arm Set Swivel O-ring (Small) Swivel O-ring (Large) Post O-ring Joint O-ring Swivel Screw Swivel Post Screw

### Available Repair Kits

6

7

8

10

Post Kit	CSS-PKIT	
ITEM	NAME	PART#
1	Post	CSS-01
5	Swivel O-ring (Small)	CSS-09
6	Swivel O-ring (Large)	CSS-11
7	Post O-ring	CSS-13
10	Swivel Post Screw	CSS-21
Joint Kit	CSS-JKIT	
ITEM	NAME	PART#
2	Joint	CSS-03
3	Swivel Arm Set	CCC 0F
U	Swiver Arm Set	CSS-05
7	Post O-ring	CSS-05 CSS-13
•		
7	Post O-ring	CSS-13
7 8	Post O-ring Joint O-ring	CSS-13 CSS-15
7 8 9	Post O-ring Joint O-ring Swivel Screw	CSS-13 CSS-15 CSS-17
7 8 9	Post O-ring Joint O-ring Swivel Screw	CSS-13 CSS-15 CSS-17
7 8 9 12	Post O-ring Joint O-ring Swivel Screw Cap CSS-SKIT	CSS-13 CSS-15 CSS-17

Swivel O-ring (Large)

Swivel Post Screw

Post O-ring

Joint O-ring

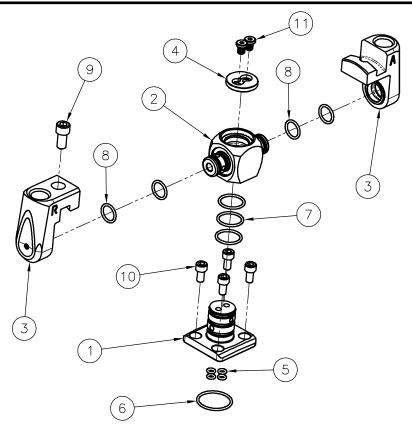
CSS-11

CSS-13

CSS-15

CSS-21

### SQ Series CSL Uni-Swivel



### CSL Uni-Swivel Parts List

OCE OTH OWN OF I GRO ELOC		
ITEM	NAME	PART#
1	Post	CSL-01-X*
2	Joint	CSL-03
3	Swivel Arm Set	CSL-05
4	Сар	CSL-09
5	Swivel O-ring (Small)	CSL-11
6	Swivel O-ring (Large)	CSL-13
7	Post O-ring	CSL-15
8	Joint O-ring	CSL-17
9	Swivel Screw	CSL-19
10	Swivel Post Screw	CSL-23-X*
11	Cap Screw	CSL-21

Note: The SQ-3 uses post # CSL-01-SQ3
The SQ-3 uses post screw # CSL-23-SQ3
The SQ-5 & 10 uses post # CSL-01-SQ5/10
The SQ-5 & 10 uses post screw # CSL-23-SQ5/10

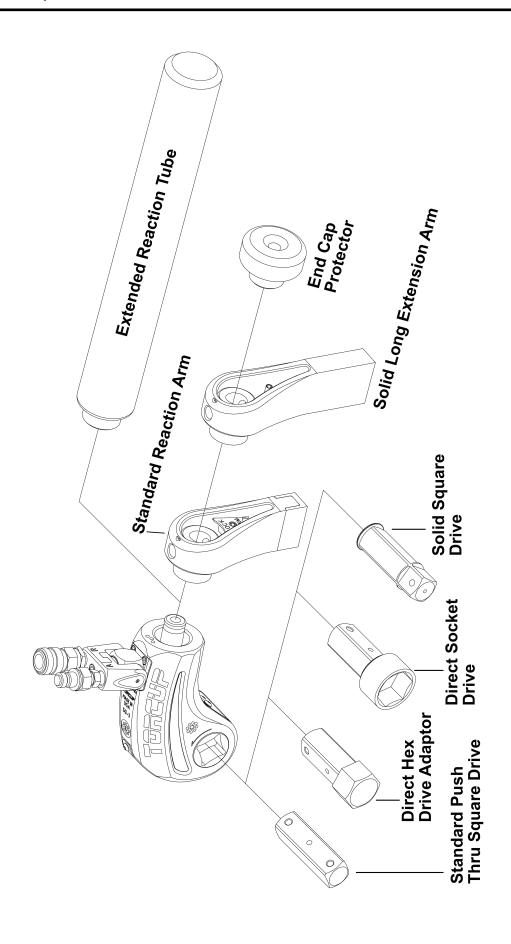
### Available Repair Kits

Post Kit	CSL-PKIT	
ITEM	NAME	PART #
1	Post	CSL-01-X*
5	Swivel O-ring (Small)	CSL-11
6	Swivel O-ring (Large)	CSL-13
7	Post O-ring	CSL-15
10	Swivel Post Screw	CSL-23-X*
Joint Kit	CSL-JKIT	
ITEM	NAME	PART#
2	Joint	CSL-03
3	Swivel Arm Set	CSL-05
4	Сар	CSL-09
7	Post O-ring	CSL-15
8	Joint O-ring	CSL-17
9	Swivel Screw	CSL-19
11	Cap Screw	CSL-21
Seal Kit	CSL-SKIT	
ITEM	NAME	PART #
5	Swivel O-ring (Small)	CSL-11
6	Swivel O-ring (Large)	CSL-13
7	Post O-ring	CSL-15
8	Joint O-ring	CSL-17
10	Swivel Post Screw	CSL-23-X*
11	Cap Screw	CSL-21

### SQ Series Uni-Swivel Assembly

- 1. Clamp the post (1) in a copper-covered or leather-covered vice by the base.
- 2. Slide the post O-rings (7) onto the post starting from the top to the base.
- 3. Lightly lubricate the post. (Ref. pg. 6)
- 4. Using hand pressure, press the joint (2) onto the post until it makes contact with the base of the post and until the top of the post is flush with the top of the joint.
- 5. **For CSS uni-swivels:** Install the retaining ring (12) into the groove on the top of the post by spreading it open slightly and working it around the post. **For CSL uni-swivels:** Install the cap (4) and secure with the cap screws (11).
- 6. Slide the joint O-rings (8) onto the arms of the joint from outside to inside.
- 7. Lightly lubricate the arms of the joint. (Ref. pg. 6)
- 8. Using hand pressure, press the swivel arms (3) onto the joint. **Note:** One of the arms of the joint has an 'R' engraved on the end denoting that it is the retract side. Install the retract swivel, the arm engraved with a 'R', onto this arm.
- 9. Swing the arms together so they interlock and fasten them together with the swivel screw (9).
- 10. Install the large and small swivel O-rings (5 & 6) into their glands in the cylinder housing.
- 11. Install the uni-swivel assembly onto the cylinder housing with the swivel post screws (10).

### SQ Series Wrench Available Accessories



### **WARNING**

Always turn off the power supply. Bleed off hydraulic fluid from the hose connections on the cylinder assembly and disconnect the hoses before attempting to repair or perform maintenance on this tool. Always wear eye protection when operating or performing maintenance on this tool.

### **DISASSEMBLY**

### GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Do not disassemble the tool any further than necessary to replace or repair damaged parts.
- 2. Use extra care not to score, nick or damage surfaces that will contain hydraulic oil under pressure.
- 3. Whenever grasping a tool in a vise, always use leather–covered or copper–covered vise jaws to protect the surface of the part and help prevent distortion. This is particularly true of threaded members and housings.
- 4. Do not remove any part that is press fit in or on an assembly unless the removal of that part is necessary for repairs or replacement.
- 5. Do not disassemble the hydraulic cylinder assembly unless you have a complete set of seals and O–rings for replacement.
- 6. Use only British Standard fractional size tools when disassembling these tools.

### DISASSEMBLY OF THE REACTION ARM ASSEMBLY

- 1. Push the reaction arm retract button cover (10) toward the reaction arm cover (8) and separate the reaction arm assembly from the housing (1).
- 2. While holding the button down, use a hex wrench to unscrew and remove the reaction arm spline screw (6).
- 3. Apply some downward pressure to the reaction arm locking pin (4) and unscrew the reaction arm retract button (10) from the locking pin (4).
- 4. Slide the retract button cover (10) out of the reaction arm (2).
- 5. Remove the locking pin (4) by sliding it out of the top of the reaction arm (2).
- 6. Pull the reaction arm splined sleeve (3) out of the reaction arm (2).
- 7. Using a hooked tool through the spline screw opening, pull the reaction arm spring (7) out of the reaction arm (2).
- 8. To remove the reaction arm cover, use a hex wrench to unscrew the cover mounting screws (9) and pull the cover (8) off the reaction arm (2).

### **CAUTION**

In the following step, the shroud will spring to a straightened position when the screws at one end are removed. Hold the shroud in position until the screws are removed and control the flex of the loose end.

### DISASSEMBLY OF THE SQ-1, SQ-3, AND SQ-10 CYLINDER ASSEMBLIES

- 1. Clamp the housing (1) in copper–covered or leather–covered vise jaws with the swivel assembly (40) upward and using a hex wrench, unscrew the four swivel screws (41) to remove the swivel assembly.
- 2. Collect the O-rings from the housing.
- 3. Use a hex wrench to unscrew and remove the shroud mounting screws (28). Remove the shroud (27). **Note: For SQ-10 models**: The middle drive side shroud screw holds the ratchet spring (38) in place, which will come out with the removal of the shroud.
- 4. Remove the housing assembly from the vise jaws and turn over a container to catch any oil remaining inside the cylinder.

- 5. Remove the side labels to reveal housing side holes. **For SQ-10 models:** Use a hex wrench to unscrew and remove the side housing plugs (36) from each side of the housing.
- 6. If the piston assembly is not fully retracted, use a brass drift or brass hammer to tap the assembly inward until the roll pin (25) aligns with the cross holes in the housing. **Note:** Covering the swivel pocket with a cloth will contain any oil that may expel from the housing.
- 7. Use a small drift to tap the roll pin (25) out of the piston rod assembly (23) and drive plate (15).
- 8. Insert a hex wrench through the larger opening in the square drive and loosen the square drive locking pin (17) until the square drive slides out of the tool. **Note:** Use caution when removing the square drive as the square drive pin (18) loosely fits in the square drive and can fall out when the drive is removed.
- 9. Remove the drive plate (15), assembled with the ratchet (13), drive segment (14) and segment springs (29).
- 10. Using finger pressure, push the sleeves (21) inward to remove them from the housing.
- 11. Being careful not to let the springs eject from the assembly, slide the ratchet (13), drive segment (14) and segment springs (29) out of the drive plate (15).

### NOTICE

The cylinder gland is staked into the housing to prevent it from loosening due to vibration or turbulence in the hydraulic oil flow. The stake point must be drilled out before attempting to remove the cylinder gland.

- 12. Locate the stake point on the threads of the cylinder gland (26) and housing. Using a 1/16" drill bit centered on the stake point, drill approximately 3/32" deep in one continuous motion to remove the thread and interference at that point.
- 13. Engage the pins of the cylinder gland wrench (50) with the holes in the cylinder gland (26). Using a socket on the hex of the wrench, unscrew and remove the cylinder gland. If the gland does not rotate freely after initial breakout, additional drilling, in small increments, may be required to remove the obstruction.
- 14. Clamp the housing in the vise with the end plug upward and a catch cloth draped between the jaws.
- 15. Insert a flat face drift into the hole in the center of the end plug (22). Tap the end plug and piston lightly until both the piston and end plug slip through the housing and into the catch cloth.
- 16. Being careful not to scratch the cylinder, remove the cylinder ring (37) using a thin blade screwdriver to work it out of the groove in the housing.

### **CAUTION**

In the following step, the shroud will spring to a straightened position when the screws at one end are removed. Hold the shroud in position until the screws are removed and control the flex of the loose end.

### DISASSEMBLY OF THE SQ-5 CYLINDER ASSEMBLIES

- 1. Clamp the housing (1) in copper–covered or leather–covered vise jaws with the swivel assembly (40) upward and using a hex wrench, unscrew the four swivel screws (41) to remove the swivel assembly.
- 2. Collect the O-rings from the housing.
- 3. Use a hex wrench to unscrew and remove the shroud mounting screws (28). Remove the shroud (27).
- 4. Remove the housing assembly from the vise jaws and turn over a container to catch any oil remaining inside the cylinder.
- 5. Remove the side labels to reveal housing side holes. Use a hex wrench to unscrew and remove the side housing plugs (36) from each side of the housing.

- 6. If the piston assembly is not fully retracted, use a brass drift or brass hammer to tap the assembly inward until the roll pin (25) aligns with the cross holes in the housing. **Note:** Covering the swivel pocket with a cloth will contain any oil that may expel from the housing.
- 7. Use a small drift to tap the roll pin (25) out of the piston rod assembly (23) and drive plate (15).
- 8. Unscrew the square drive retaining knob (19). Pull out the square drive (16).
- 9. Remove the drive plate (15), assembled with the ratchet (13), drive segment (14), and segment springs (29).
- 10. Using finger pressure, push the sleeves (21) inward to remove them from the housing. Remove the sleeve retainers (20).
- 11. Being careful not to let the springs eject from the assembly, slide the ratchet (13), drive segment (14), and segment springs (29) out of the drive plate (15).

### NOTICE

The cylinder gland is staked into the housing to prevent it from loosening due to vibration or turbulence in the hydraulic oil flow. The stake point must be drilled out before attempting to remove the cylinder gland.

- 12. Locate the stake point on the threads of the cylinder gland (26) and housing. Using a 1/16" drill bit centered on the stake point, drill approximately 3/32" deep in one continuous motion to remove the thread and interference at that point.
- 13. Engage the pins of the cylinder gland wrench (50) with the holes in the cylinder gland (26). Using a socket on the hex of the wrench, unscrew and remove the cylinder gland. If the gland does not rotate freely after initial breakout, additional drilling in small increments may be required to remove the obstruction.
- 14. Clamp the housing in the vise with the end plug upward and a catch cloth draped between the jaws.
- 15. Insert a flat face drift into the hole in the center of the end plug (22). Tap the end plug and piston lightly until both the piston and end plug slip through the housing and into the catch cloth.
- 16. Being careful not to scratch the cylinder, remove the cylinder ring (37) using a thin blade screwdriver to work it out of the groove in the housing

### **ASSEMBLY**

### GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Use extra care not to score, nick, or damage surfaces that will contain hydraulic oil under pressure.
- 2. Whenever grasping a tool in a vise, always use leather–covered or copper–covered vise jaws to protect the surface of the part and help prevent distortion. This is particularly true of threaded members and housings.
- 3. Apply O-ring lubricant to all O-rings before final assembly.

### NOTICE

Inspect all parts prior to assembly. Replace any worn or damaged parts.

### ASSEMBLY OF THE SQ-1, SQ-3, AND SQ-10 CYLINDER ASSEMBLIES

- 1. Install the cylinder ring (37) into the groove at the inlet end of the housing.
- 2. Clamp the housing (1) in copper–covered or leather–covered vise jaws with the splined end downward.
- 3. Insert the end plug (22), small end leading, into the bore of the housing. Using a brass drift, tap the end plug into the cylinder approximately 1/2".
- 4. Insert the piston rod assembly (23), shaft trailing, into the bore of the housing. Using a brass drift, tap the piston rod assembly into the housing until the end plug bottoms out against the cylinder ring.
- 5. Thread the cylinder gland (26) into the housing. Tighten with the gland wrench (50) and a socket until flush with the housing.
- 6. Reposition the housing in the vice with the swivel pocket upward.
- 7. Place the swivel O-rings in their respective glands in the housing and install the swivel assembly. Tighten the swivel post screws (41) in a crossing pattern to ensure even tightness.
- 8. Connect the tool to a pump and cycle several times to check for leaks.
- 9. **If leaks are present**, disconnect the hoses and take the necessary steps to correct the problem. **If no leaks are detected**, disconnect the hoses and re-clamp the tool in the vise with the inlet end downward.
- 10. Stake the thread of the gland and housing. Make certain the stake point deforms both the housing and gland.
- 11. Wipe a thin film of marine moly grease on the sides of the drive plate (15) as well as the inner face and piston rod recess of the drive plate.
- 12. Insert the ratchet (13) into the drive plate (15).
- 13. Position the drive segment (14) at the cavity, ensuring the ratchet and drive segment engage properly. If they will not engage properly, reverse the ratchet in the drive plate.
- 14. Insert the segment springs (29) into the holes of the drive segment and compress while installing the drive segment into the drive plate.
- 15. Wipe a thin film of marine moly grease around the outside of the square drive sleeves (21) and install, with the shoulder trailing, into the bores on each side of the housing.
- 16. Insert the drive plate assembly into the housing with the notch for the piston rod toward the piston, ensuring alignment of the holes in the drive plate and piston.
- 17. Insert the roll pin (25) into the hole in the drive plate through the hole in the housing. Use a drift and hammer to tap the pin into the plate making certain the pin does not protrude beyond either side of the drive plate.
- 18. Use a hex wrench to loosen the square drive locking pin (17) enough so that the square drive pin is flush with the square drive.
- 19. Insert the square drive into the housing through the square drive sleeves (21) and tighten the square drive locking pin so that the square drive can slide freely without sliding out.

- 20. Place one end of the shroud (27) on the housing and, using a hex wrench, thread the shroud screws (28) part way in.
- 21. Bend the shroud around the housing and install the remaining screws, going back and tightening the screws from the previous step.
- 22. Completely remove all dirt and oil from label pocket before applying the side labels.

### **NOTICE**

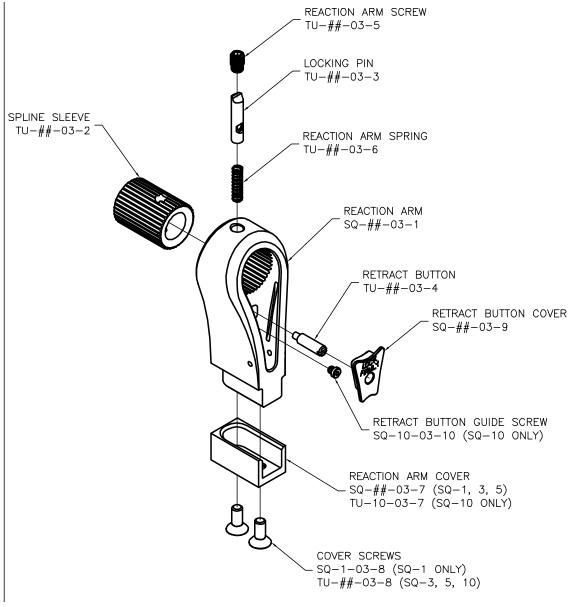
Inspect all parts prior to assembly. Replace any worn or damaged parts.

### ASSEMBLY OF THE SQ-5 CYLINDER ASSEMBLIES

- 1. Install the cylinder ring (37) into the groove at the inlet end of the housing.
- 2. Clamp the housing (1) in copper–covered or leather–covered vise jaws with the splined end downward.
- 3. Insert the end plug (22), small end leading, into the bore of the housing. Using a brass drift, tap the end plug into the cylinder approximately 1/2".
- 4. Insert the piston rod assembly (23), shaft trailing, into the bore of the housing. Using a brass drift, tap the piston rod assembly into the housing until the end plug bottoms out against the cylinder ring.
- 5. Thread the cylinder gland (26) into the housing. Tighten with the gland wrench (50) and a socket until flush with the housing.
- 6. Reposition the housing in the vice with the swivel pocket upward.
- 7. Place the swivel O-rings in their respective glands in the housing and install the swivel assembly (40). Tighten the swivel screws (41) in a crossing pattern to ensure even tightness.
- 8. Connect the tool to a pump and cycle several times to check for leaks.
- 9. **If leaks are present**, disconnect the hoses and take the necessary steps to correct the problem. **If no leaks are detected**, disconnect the hoses and re-clamp the tool in the vise with the inlet end downward.
- 10. Stake the thread of the gland and housing. Make certain the stake point deforms both the housing and gland.
- 11. Wipe a thin film of marine moly grease on the sides of the drive plate (15) as well as the inner face and piston rod recess of the drive plate.
- 12. Insert the ratchet (13) into the drive plate (15).
- 13. Position the drive segment (14) at the cavity, ensuring the ratchet and drive segment engage properly. If they will not engage properly, reverse the ratchet in the drive plate.
- 14. Insert the segment springs (29) into the holes of the drive segment and compress while installing the drive segment into the drive plate.
- 15. Insert the drive plate assembly into the housing with the notch for the piston rod toward the piston, ensuring alignment of the holes in the drive plate and piston.
- 16. Install the square drive sleeves (21) with the small hub end leading. The small hub must engage the recess in the drive plate assembly. Install the sleeve retaining rings (20).
- 17. Insert the square drive (16) into the housing through the drive sleeves (21). Install the square drive retaining knob (19) in the end of the square drive and tighten.
- 18. Insert the roll pin (25) into the hole in the drive plate through the hole in the housing. Use a drift and hammer to tap the pin into the plate making certain the pin does not protrude beyond either side of the drive plate.
- 19. Place one end of the shroud (27) on the housing and, using a hex wrench, thread the shroud screws (28) part way in.
- 20. Bend the shroud around the housing and install the remaining screws, going back and tightening the screws from the previous step.
- 21. Completely remove all dirt and oil from label pocket before applying the side labels.

### ASSEMBLY OF THE SQ REACTION ARM

- 1. If the reaction arm cover was removed, push it onto the end of the reaction arm and secure with the cover screws.
- 2. Insert the reaction arm spring into the blind hole below the bore for the spline sleeve.
- 3. Push the spline sleeve into the reaction arm so that the holes in the sleeve align with the reaction arm screw hole and the sleeve protrudes from the back of the arm.
- 4. Insert the locking pin into the reaction arm through the reaction arm screw opening, ensuring the screw hole is accessible through the slot in the reaction arm.
- 5. **For SQ-10 model only:** Install the retract button guide screw, applying a small amount of serviceable thread locking compound to the threads.
- 6. Install the retract button cover in the slots in the inside pocket of the reaction arm.
- 7. Apply some downward pressure to the locking pin, and thread the retract button through the retract button cover and into the locking pin through the slot in the reaction arm. Use a small amount of serviceable thread locking compound on the threads and tighten.
- 8. Thread the reaction arm screw into the reaction arm and tighten with a hex wrench until the unthreaded end enters the hole in the spline sleeve and the threads bottom out.



### TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

Trouble	Probable Cause	Solution
	Couplers are not securely attached to the tool or pump	Check the coupler connections, and make certain that they are connected.
Piston will not advance or retract	Coupler is defective  Defective remote control switch	Replace any defective coupler.  Replace the switch and/or control pendent.
	Dirt in the direction-control valve of the pump unit	Disassemble the pump, and clean the direction-control valve.
Piston will not retract	Hose connections reversed	Make certain the advance on the pump is connected to the advance on the tool, and the retract on the pump is connected to the retract on the tool.
	Retract hose not connected	Connect the retract hose securely.
	Retract pin broken	Replace the broken pin and/or spring.
Cylinder will not build up	Piston seal and/or end plug Seal leaking	Replace any defective O-rings.
pressure	Coupler is defective	Replace any defective coupler.
Square drive will not turn	Grease or dirt build up in the teeth of the ratchet and drive segment	Disassemble the ratchet and clean the grease or dirt out of the teeth.
	Worn or broken teeth on ratchet an/or drive segment	Replace any worn or damaged parts.
Tool tightens immediately when turned on	Hose connections are reversed	Depress the advance button to release the tool; shut the pump off in the advance position and reverse the hose connection.
	Defective relief valve	Inspect, adjust or replace the relief valve.
Pump will not build up	Clogged filter	Inspect, clean and/or replace the pump filter.
pressure	Electric power source is too low	Make certain the amperage, voltage and any extension cord size comply with the pump manual requirements.
	Defective gauge	Replace the gauge.
	Low oil level	Check and fill the pump reservoir.
Pressure reading erratic	Defective gauge	Replace the gauge.
Nut returns with retract stroke	Retract spring is not installed correctly.	Segment spring not installed or broken.

### SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS DO NOT DESTROY

OTES:	

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